

Calculate how many grams of acrylonitrile could be obtained from 651 g of propylene, assuming there is excess NO present.

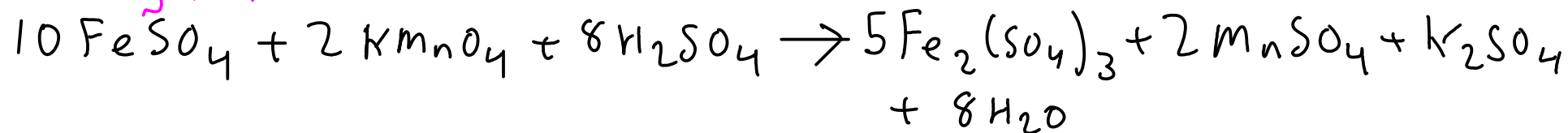
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- 1 - Convert 651 grams propylene to moles. Use FORMULA WEIGHT.
 - 2 - Convert moles propylene to moles acrylonitrile. Use CHEMICAL EQUATION.
 - 3 - Convert moles acrylonitrile to mass. Use FORMULA WEIGHT.
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$$\textcircled{1} 42.081 \text{ g C}_3\text{H}_6 = \text{mol C}_3\text{H}_6 \quad \textcircled{2} 4 \text{ mol C}_3\text{H}_6 = 4 \text{ mol C}_3\text{H}_3\text{N}$$

$$\textcircled{3} 53.064 \text{ g C}_3\text{H}_3\text{N} = \text{mol C}_3\text{H}_3\text{N}$$

$$651 \text{ g C}_3\text{H}_6 \times \frac{\text{mol C}_3\text{H}_6}{42.081 \text{ g C}_3\text{H}_6} \times \frac{4 \text{ mol C}_3\text{H}_3\text{N}}{4 \text{ mol C}_3\text{H}_6} \times \frac{53.064 \text{ g C}_3\text{H}_3\text{N}}{\text{mol C}_3\text{H}_3\text{N}} = \boxed{821 \text{ g C}_3\text{H}_3\text{N}}$$

151.90 g/mol



How many mL of 0.250M potassium permanganate are needed to react with 3.36 g of iron(II) sulfate?

- 1 - Convert 3.36 grams iron(II) sulfate to moles. Use FORMULA WEIGHT.
- 2 - Convert moles iron(II) sulfate to moles potassium permanganate. Use CHEMICAL EQUATION.
- 3 - Convert moles potassium permanganate to volume solution. Use MOLARITY (0.250 M)

$$\textcircled{1} 151.90 \text{ g FeSO}_4 = \text{mol FeSO}_4 \quad \textcircled{2} 10 \text{ mol FeSO}_4 = 2 \text{ mol KMnO}_4$$

$$\textcircled{3} 0.250 \text{ mol KMnO}_4 = \text{L}$$

$$3.36 \text{ g FeSO}_4 \times \frac{\text{mol FeSO}_4}{151.90 \text{ g FeSO}_4} \times \frac{2 \text{ mol KMnO}_4}{10 \text{ mol FeSO}_4} \times \frac{\text{L}}{0.250 \text{ mol KMnO}_4} = 0.0177 \text{ L}$$

$\textcircled{1}$
 $\textcircled{2}$
 $\textcircled{3}$

Since the problem asks specifically for the answer to be in mL, convert the units of our answer from L to mL...

$$\text{mL} = 10^{-3} \text{ L}$$

$$0.0177 \text{ L} \times \frac{\text{mL}}{10^{-3} \text{ L}} = \boxed{17.7 \text{ mL of } 0.250 \text{ M KMnO}_4}$$