### NAMES OF IONS

To properly discuss ions and ionic compounds, we have to know how to name them!
CATIONS

3 kinds:



Main group cations (metals that take only one charge when forming ions)

- The element's name is the same as the ion's name!



Transition metal cations (from metals that can form several cations)

- The CHARGE of the cation must be given. Use a ROMAN NUMERAL after the element name to indicate charge!

Pe : "iron(II) ion"

3† <u>Fe : "Iron(III) ion"</u>



Polyatomic cations

- Memorize list.

NH 4 : "ammonium ion"

### **ANIONS**

### 2 kinds



# Main-group nonmetals

- Use the STEM NAME of the element, then add "-ide" suffix

N<sup>3</sup>: "nitride" ion P<sup>3</sup>: "phosphide ion" S<sup>2</sup>: Sulfide Iun

O : "oxide ion" F : "fluoride ion"



## Polyatomic ions

- Memorize list. (see web site)

 $C_2H_3O_2$ : "acetate ion"  $SO_4$ : "sulfate ion"

 $NO_3$ : "nitrate ion"  $SO_3^2$  "sulfite ion"

NO<sub>2</sub>: "nitrite ion"

\* Polyatomic ions ending in "-ate" and "-ite" suffixes always contain oxygen! "-ate" ions have more oxygen atoms than their "-ite" counterparts.

### NAMING IONIC COMPOUNDS

- The name of the compound is based on the name of the ions in the sampound

- Cation first, anion second

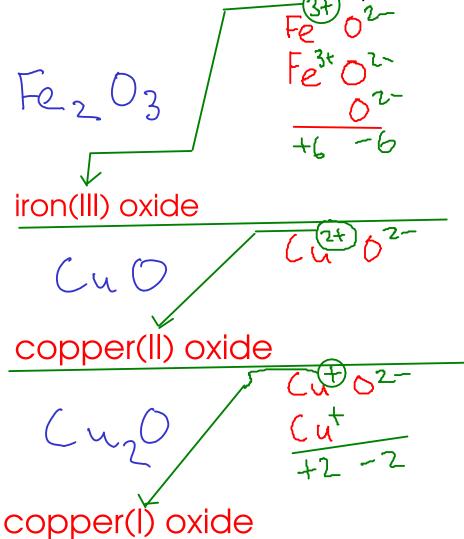
Examples:

magnesium hydroxide

sodium sulfide

BeBrz

beryllium bromide

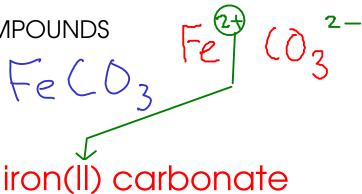


\* Remember to include the Roman numeral for CHARGE when you're writing transition metal compound names!

Page 63 (9th edition): Chart of polyatomic ions Page 64 (10th edition)

(NH4)25

ammonium sulfide



Ti  $S_2$   $T_1^{4+}S^2 - S^3 -$ 

barium phosphate

barium phosphide

- The name of an ionic compound is made of the names of the CATION and ANION in the compound.
- To get the FORMULA, you must figure out the SMALLEST RATIO of cation to anion that makes the charges balance out

### **Examples:**

iron(III) carbonate

potassium sulfide

calcium bromide

### DETERMINING IONIC FORMULAS

sodium sulfate Na2 504 tin(II) phosphate Sn 2 (PD4), barium hydroxide Ba (OH)

strontium oxide

chromium(III) nitrate

titanium(IV) chloride

Don't forget parenthesis when writing multiple hydroxide, cyanide, or hypochlorite ions!