Calculate how many grams of acrylonitrile could be obtained from 651 kg of propylene, assuming there is excess NO present.

- 1 Convert mass propylene to moles using formula weight (and metric prefix kilo-)
- 2 Convert moles propylene to moles acrylonitrile using chemical equation
- 3 Convert moles acrylonitrile to grams using formula weight.

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$$42.081 g C_{3}H_{6} = mol C_{3}H_{6} \quad K_{g} = 10^{3} g \quad 4mol \quad C_{3}H_{6} = 4mol \quad C_{3}H_{3}N$$

$$53.064 g C_{3}H_{3}N = mol \quad C_{3}H_{3}N$$

$$651 K_{g} C_{3}H_{6} \times \frac{10^{3}}{K_{g}} \times \frac{mol \quad C_{3}H_{6}}{42.081} \times \frac{4mol \quad C_{3}H_{3}N}{4mol \quad C_{3}H_{6}} \times \frac{53.064 g \quad C_{3}H_{3}N}{mol \quad C_{3}H_{3}N} =$$

$$0 \quad (3)$$

$$= 821000 g \quad C_{3}H_{3}N$$

$$\frac{10}{10 \text{ FeSO}_{4} + 2 \text{ KmnO}_{4} + 8 \text{H}_{2}\text{SO}_{4} \rightarrow 5 \text{Fe}_{2}(\text{SO}_{4})_{3} + 2 \text{ MnSO}_{4} + \frac{1}{2}\text{SO}_{4}}{+ 8 \text{H}_{2}\text{O}}$$

How many mL of 0.250M potassium permangenate are needed to react with 3.36 g of iron(II) sulfate?

1 - Convert mass of iron(II) sulfate to moles using formula weight.

2 - Convert moles iron(II) sulfate to moles potassium permangenate using chemical equation 3 - Convert moles potassium permangenate to volume using concentration (0.250 M)

$$3.36 g Feson \times \frac{mol Feson}{151.90g Feson} \times \frac{2mol KMnQy}{10mol Feson} \times \frac{L}{0.250 mol KMnQy} \times \frac{mL}{10^{-3}L} =$$

$$= 17.7 mL (uF0.250 M KMnQy)$$