

$$Q_{\text{cal}} + Q_{\text{rxn}} = 0$$

$$Q_{\text{cal}} = 1071 \text{ J}/^\circ\text{C} (21.56^\circ\text{C} - 25.00^\circ\text{C})$$

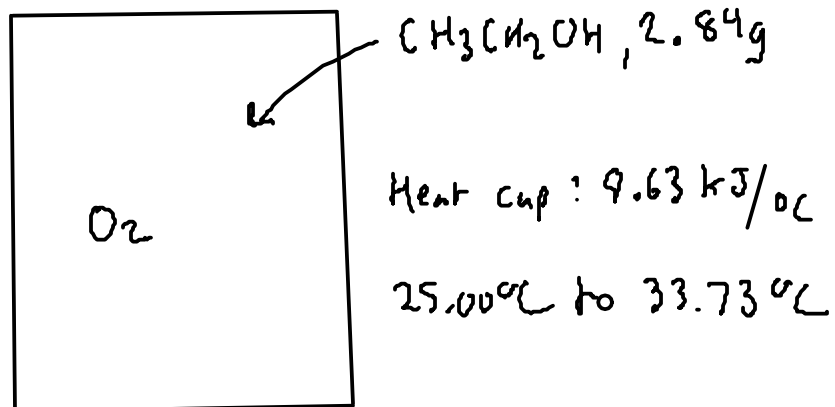
$$= -3684.24 \text{ J}$$

$$Q_{\text{rxn}} = -(-3684.24 \text{ J}) = 3684.24 \text{ J (endothermic)}$$

$$\Delta H = \frac{Q_{\text{rxn}}}{\# \text{ mol } \text{NaNO}_3} \quad , \text{ so find mol } \text{NaNO}_3$$

$$15.3 \text{ g } \text{NaNO}_3 \times \frac{\text{mol } \text{NaNO}_3}{85.00 \text{ g } \text{NaNO}_3} = 0.180 \text{ mol}$$

$$\Delta H (\text{per mole } \text{NaNO}_3) = \frac{3684.24 \text{ J}}{0.180 \text{ mol}} = 20468 \text{ J/mol} = \boxed{20.5 \frac{\text{kJ}}{\text{mol}}}$$



$$Q_{\text{cal}} + Q_{\text{rxn}} = 0$$

$$Q_{\text{cal}} = 9.63\text{ kJ}/^\circ\text{C} (33.73^\circ\text{C} - 25.00^\circ\text{C})$$

$$= 84.0699\text{ kJ}$$

$$Q_{\text{rxn}} = -84.0699\text{ kJ} \text{ (exothermic)}$$

... but we want heat per mol, so divide by # mol $\text{CH}_3\text{CH}_2\text{OH}$

$$2.84\text{ g CH}_3\text{CH}_2\text{OH} \times \frac{\text{mol CH}_3\text{CH}_2\text{OH}}{46.068\text{ g CH}_3\text{CH}_2\text{OH}} = 0.061647999\text{ mol CH}_3\text{CH}_2\text{OH}$$

$$q = \frac{-84.0699\text{ kJ}}{0.061647999\text{ mol}} = \boxed{-1360\text{ kJ/mol}}$$