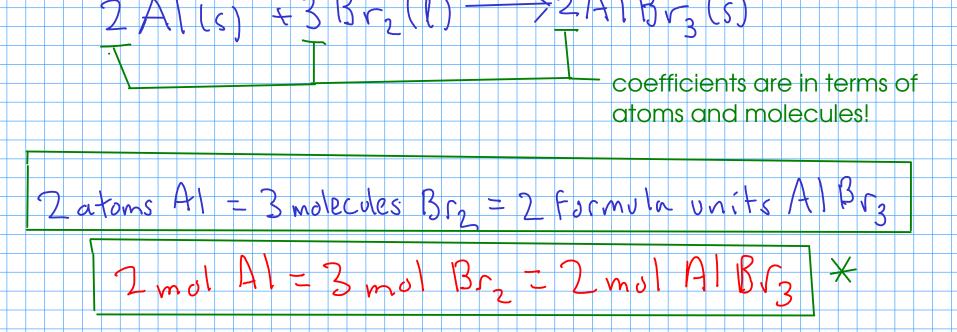
## CHEMICAL CALCULATIONS CONTINUED: REACTIONS

- Chemical reactions proceed on an ATOMIC basis, NOT a mass basis!

- To calculate with chemical reactions (i.e. use chemical equations), we need everything in terms of ATOMS ... which means MOLES of atoms



Relate the amount of substance we know (mass or volume) to a number of moles
Relate the moles of one substance to the moles of another using the equation

③ - Convert the moles of the new substance to mass or volume as desired

$$2 \text{AV(s)} + 3 \text{BV}_2(l) \longrightarrow 2 \text{AV}_3(s)$$

\* Given that we have 25.0 g of liquid bromine, how many grams of aluminum would we need to react away all of the bromine? How many grams of aluminum bromide would be produced?

$$\frac{1}{159.80} = 0.15645 \text{ mol } Br_2 = 0.15645 \text{ mol } Br_2$$

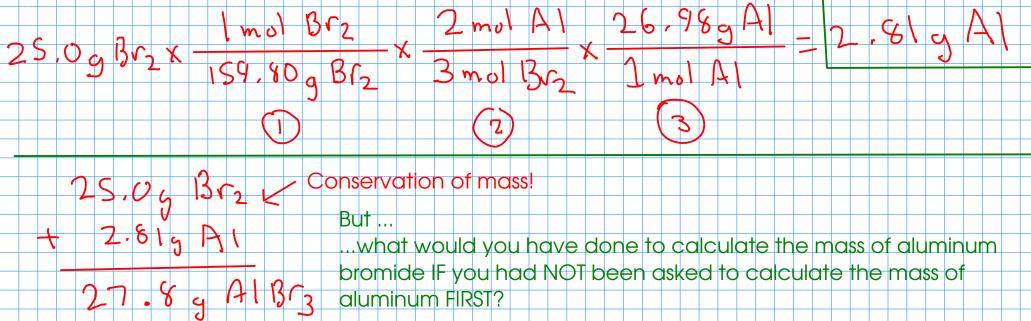
2) Convert mol bromine to mol aluminum. Use chemical equation.  $3 \text{ nol} \beta r_2 = 2 \text{ nol} A l$ 

0.15645 mol 
$$Br_2 \times \frac{2 \text{ mol } A1}{3 \text{ mol } Br_2} = 0.10430 \text{ mol } A$$

3 Convert mol aluminum to g aluminum. Use formula weight: A1:26.98 26.98 g A1 = 1 mol A1

## You can combine all three steps on one line if you like!

266.



2.810

