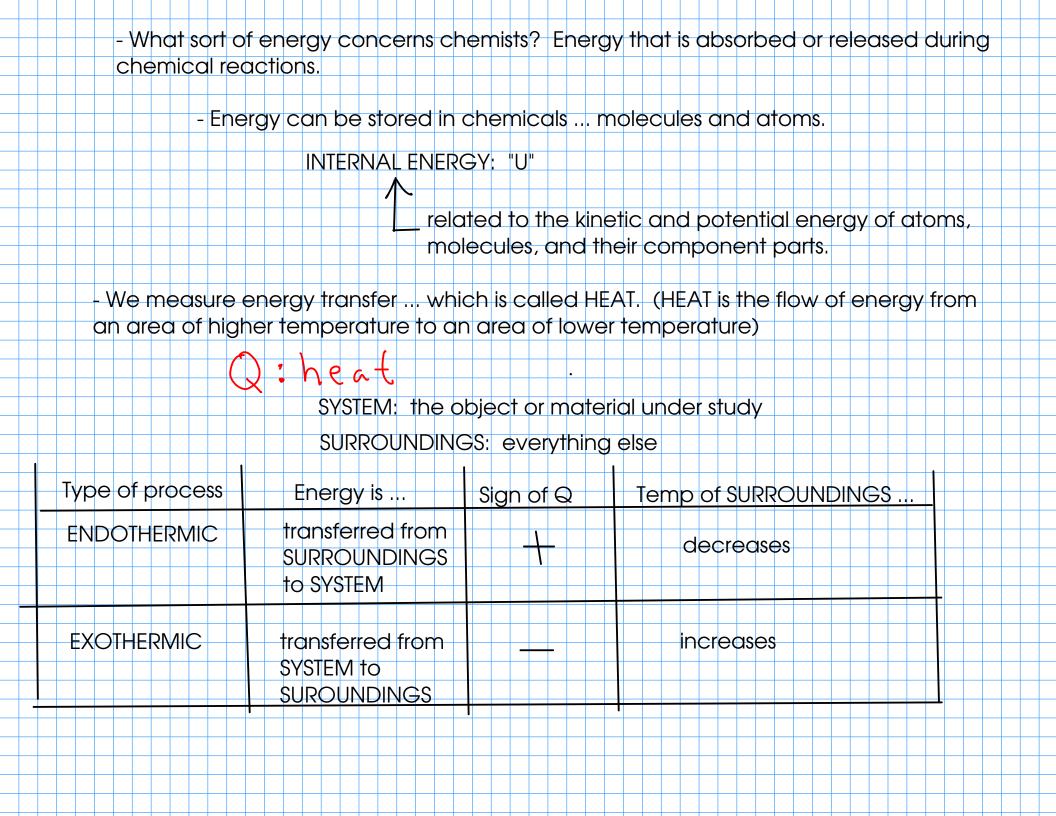


12 HC + Na2 CO2 +> CO2 + H2O + 2 NaC 1
If 48.90 mL of hydrochloric acid solution react with sodium carbonate to produce 125.0 mL
of carbon diaxide gas at 0.950 atm and 290.2 K. What is the molar concentration of the acid?
HILL MOLING MOLING
L HCI solution
We know the volume of the solution (48.90 mL or 0.04890 L). We need to know the
moles of HCI to solve the problem.
Find the moles of carbon dioxide using PV=nRT, then change to moles HCl using the
chemical equation. $\sqrt{21250mL} = 0.1250L$
T=290.2K R=0.08206 L101m
PT I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I
(0,950 atm) (0,1250L) _ = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = =
N 2 (0,950 atm) (0,1250L) = 0,0049866 mol CO2
(coz (0,08206 - atm) (290,2 K)
1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
2 ma HC = 1 ma CO2
L mul MCI
0,0049866 mol CO2 x 1mol CO2 = 0,0099)32 mol HU

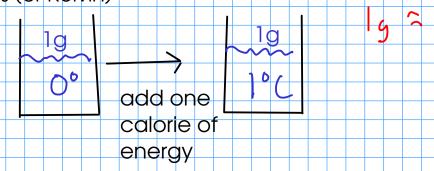
1 22 C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C
m_0
M = L MCI solution = 0.04890 L

ENERGY thermodynamics: the study of energy transfer Conservation of energy: Energy may change form, but the overall amount of energy remains constant. "first law of thermodynamics" - ... but what IS energy? energy is the ability to do "work" motion of matter Kinds of energy? mass - Kinetic energy: energy of matter in motion - \times - $\frac{1}{2}$ $\frac{1}{2}$ $\frac{1}{2}$ $\frac{1}{2}$ -velocity - Potential energy: energy of matter that is being acted on by a field of force (like gravity) When the ball falls, its potential energy is converted to kinetic! gravity



ENERGY UNITS

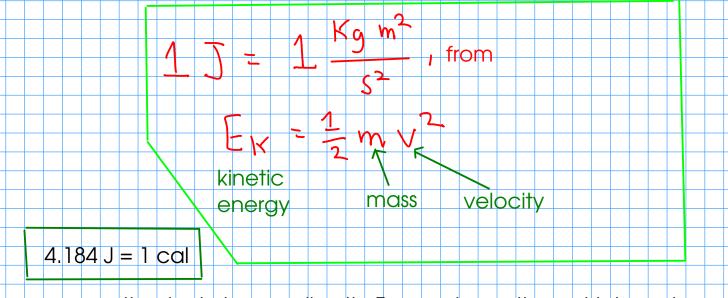
- calorie (cal): the amount of energy required to change the temperature of one gram of water by one degree Celsius (or Kelvin)



- Calories in food? The "Calorie" that is given on American food labels is actually the kilocalorie (kcal)

for vater

Joule (J): SI unit for energy. It's defined based on the equation for kinetic energy.



- the Joule is a small unit. For most reactions at lab scale, we'll use kilojoules (kJ).