# **REVIEW FOR LAB TEST 2**

#### Experiment 8

- Discussion (p. 67-69)
- Identify the solute and solvent components in a solution mixture.
- Know factors on rate of dissolving of a solute.
- Know/define the terms: solute, solvent, solubility, saturated solution, unsaturated solution, miscible and immiscible
- Be able to calculate the mass % of a solute in solution (See p. 69, No. 3 and lab report).
  - 1. What is the <u>mass percent</u> of  $CaCl_2$  in a solution containing 20.5 grams of  $CaCl_2$  and 235.5 grams of water?
  - 2. What is the <u>mass percent</u> of Na<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub> in a solution containing 5.0 grams of Na<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub> and 110.0 grams of water?

## Experiment 9

- Be able to determine the percentage composition of a substance (such as oxygen) in a compound (theoretically & experimentally) and calculate the % error of your determination.
- Understand and apply (not simply memorize) formulas (p. 77-78)
- Problems similar to those in lab report
- Know the decomposition reaction for potassium chlorate

## Experiment 10

- Discussion (p. 83-85)
- Be able to recognize double-displacement reactions.
- Know the three classes of substances formed in double-displacement reactions.
- Be able to use Solubility Table (Appendix 5, p. 324) to predict whether a precipitate will form when two ionic compounds are mixed together in aqueous solution.
- Recognize neutralization reactions (Acid + base) and reactions when gas forms (CO<sub>2</sub> and SO<sub>2</sub>)

# Experiment 11

- Discussion (p. 89-90)
- Be able to recognize single-displacement reactions.
- Given experimental data, be able to determine the activities of certain elements toward one another (very similar to what was done in lab report).

#### Experiment 12

- Know the terms acid and base
- Know how to recognize acids and bases
- Know the reactions of acids and bases completed in the lab

# **Practice Problems**

3. An empty evaporating dish is weighed. An aqueous NaCl solution is placed in the dish, which is then weighed again, and the solution is heated over a steam bath until all water has been removed from the solution. A final weight of the dish is obtained. The following data are collected:

Mass of empty evaporating dish:	30.3760 g.
Mass of evaporating dish and NaCl solution:	38.1305 g.
Mass of evaporating dish and NaCl (after evap.):	32.5957 g.

Mass of solution	grams
Mass of salt	grams
Mass of water	grams
Percentage of salt in the solution	%
Grams of salt in 100 g of water	grams

4. An empty evaporating dish is weighed. An aqueous sugar solution is placed in the dish, which is then weighed again, and the solution is heated over a steam bath until all water has been removed from the solution. A final weight of the dish is obtained. The following data are collected:

Mass of empty evaporating dish:	28.7566 g.
Mass of evaporating dish and sugar solution:	42.0011 g.
Mass of evaporating dish and sugar (after evap.):	32.1511 g.

Mass of solution	grams
Mass of sugar	grams
Mass of water	grams
Percentage of sugar in the solution	%

5. A sample of calcium carbonate (CaCO<sub>3</sub>) is heated in a crucible for several minutes, producing CO<sub>2</sub> gas and leaving a CaO solid residue in the crucible, according to the equation:

 $CaCO_3 \longrightarrow CaO + CO_2$ 

The following data was collected for the experiment.

Mass of empty crucible:	21.9987 g
Mass of crucible and original sample:	24.1220 g
Mass of crucible and residue:	23.1887 g

Mass of calcium carbonate sample	grams
Mass of calcium oxide residue	grams
Mass of carbon dioxide lost	grams
Percentage calcium oxide in the sample, experimental	%
Percentage carbon dioxide in the sample, experimental	%
Percentage calcium oxide, theoretical	%
Percentage carbon dioxide, theoretical	%
Percentage error	%

6. A sample of sodium chlorate (NaClO<sub>3</sub>) is heated in a crucible for several minutes, producing oxygen gas and leaving an NaCl solid residue in the crucible, according to the equation:

2 NaClO<sub>3</sub> - 2 NaCl + 3 O<sub>2</sub>

The following data was collected for the experiment.

Mass of empty crucible:	22.2212 g
Mass of crucible and original sample:	24.0505 g
Mass of crucible and residue:	23.2260 g

	•
Mass of sodium chlorate sample	grams
Mass of sodium chloride residue	grams
Mass of oxygen lost	grams
Percentage sodium chloride in the sample, experimental	%
Percentage oxygen in the sample, experimental	%
Percentage sodium chloride, theoretical	%
Percentage oxygen, theoretical	%
Percentage error	%